Lifting the Catholic Voice on Climate Justice at COP 30

October 20th, 2025





Lifting the Catholic Voice on Climate Justice at COP 30

RECORDING

The webinar is being recorded and a link to the recording will be sent to everyone who registered within the next 24-48 hours.

Questions

Please submit your questions in the Q/A box.

Chat

Please remember to be respectful and civil in all chat interactions.



Lifting the Catholic Voice on Climate Justice at COP 30

Prayer for the COP30 climate summit (CAFOD)

God of blessings, the universe sings of your glory. Deepen our gratitude for all you have made and awaken in us a renewed commitment to care for the earth and each other.

Inspire world leaders at COP30, with openness to listen to those most affected by climate change and with courage to act urgently and wisely, so that our common home may be healed and restored and all people, and generations to come, may delight in it.

Amen.



Lifting the Catholic Voice on Climate Justice at COP 30



Lisa Sullivan
Maryknoll Office for Global Concerns



Liz Cronin Catholic Agency for Overseas Development CAFOD



Gina Castillo Catholic Relief Services (CRS)



Mauricio López Oropeza Ecclesial Conference of the Amazon (CEAMA)







IS THE HOTTEST YEAR ON RECORD

Set the Stage



UNFCCC

United Nations
Framework
Convention on
Climate Change

Set the Rules



Paris Agreement



2015 195 countries

4 Holdouts: Iran Libya Yemen 2025(6):USA



Commit to keep global temperatures:

Well below: 2 C

1.5 = BETTER



COP = Conference of the Parties



COP 28 and 29: Petrostates







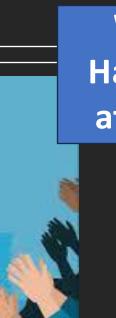
How?
3 workstreams

1. Mitigation





Plenaries





Happens at COP?

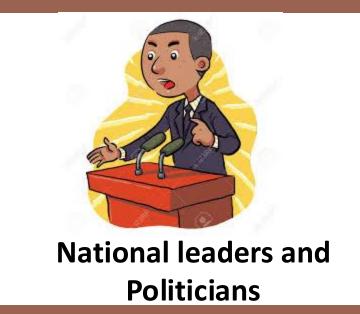




Country representatives



Fossil fuel Lobbyists



50,000 Participants

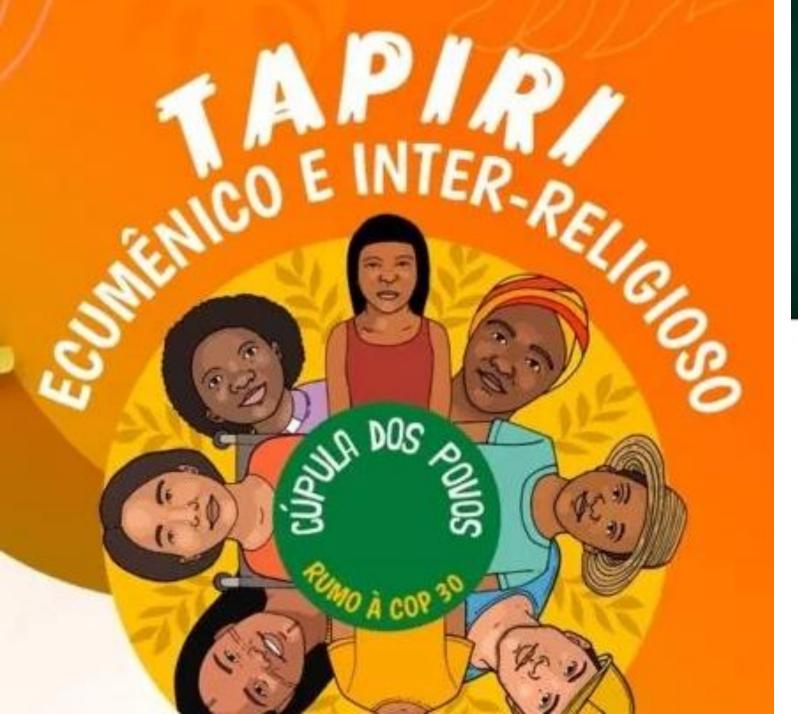


Businesses



Scientists & Academics



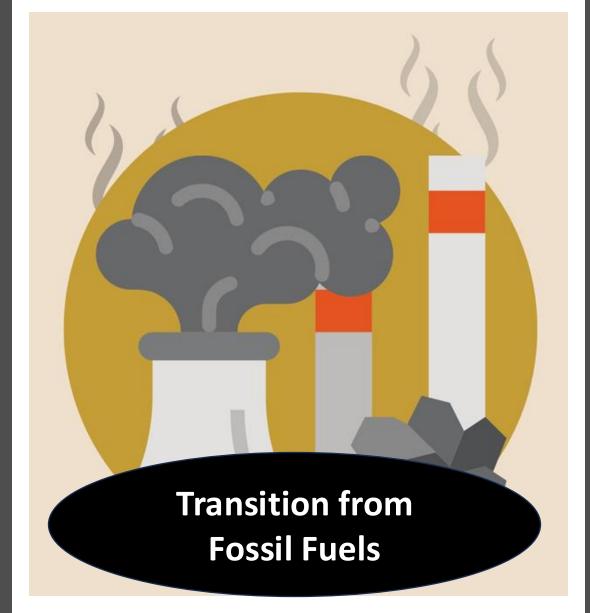




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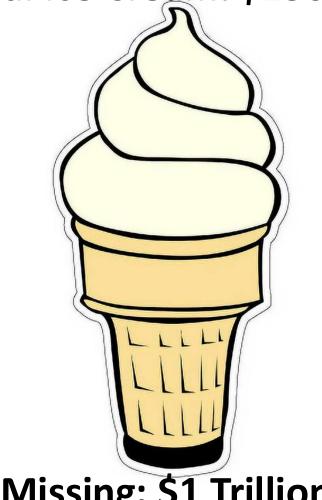






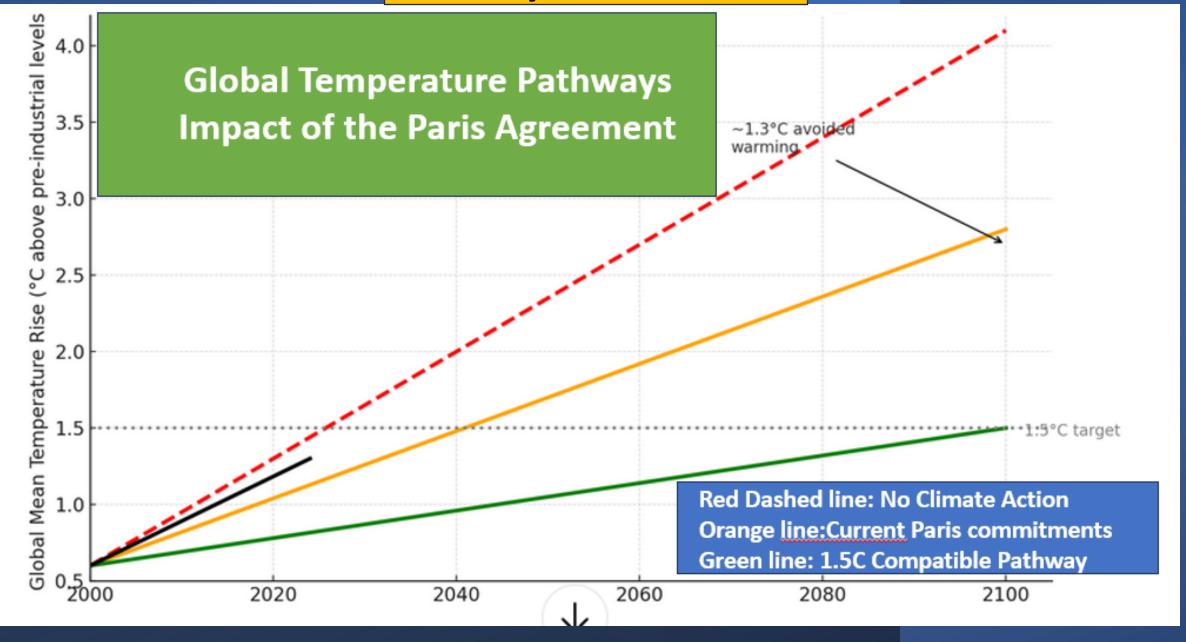
(NCQG) \$300 Billion

Global Ice Cream: \$150 billion



Missing: \$1 Trillion

Why continue?



Greatest COP 30 Challenge: Affirm Multilateral Climate Action





"the most effective solutions will not come from individual efforts alone, but above all from major political decisions on the national and international levels." Pope Leo IV

BAKU TO BELÉM ROADMAP TO 1.3T

Guarantee necessary Climate Finance

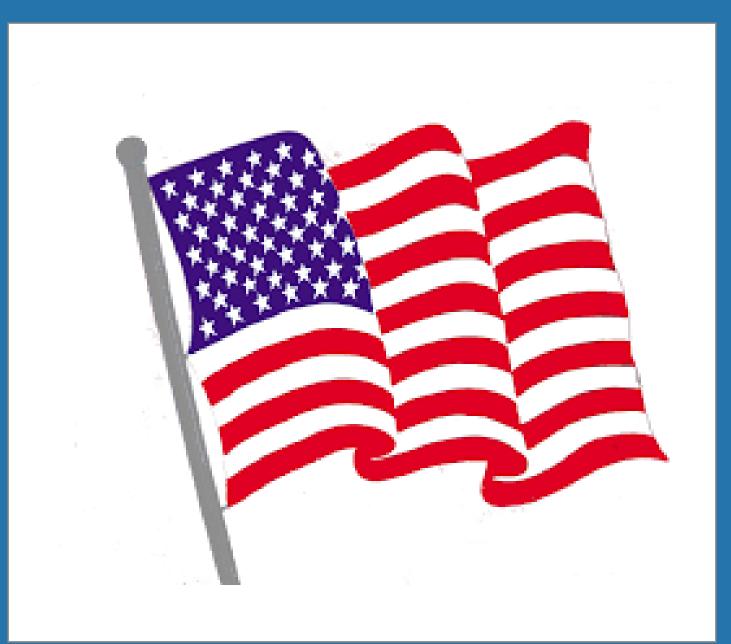
Center
Human rights
Transition
Minerals



HOPES

For COP 30











Subnational leaders from States with climate friendly action: 60% of US GDP

15-20 Member of Congress



Civil Society



Holy See Delegation

Bishops/Cardinals



Catholic presence at COP 30

Ecological Ecclesial Networks



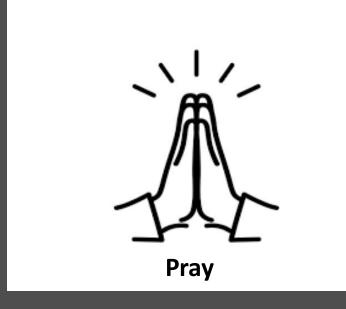




What can I do?



People's Determined Contributions





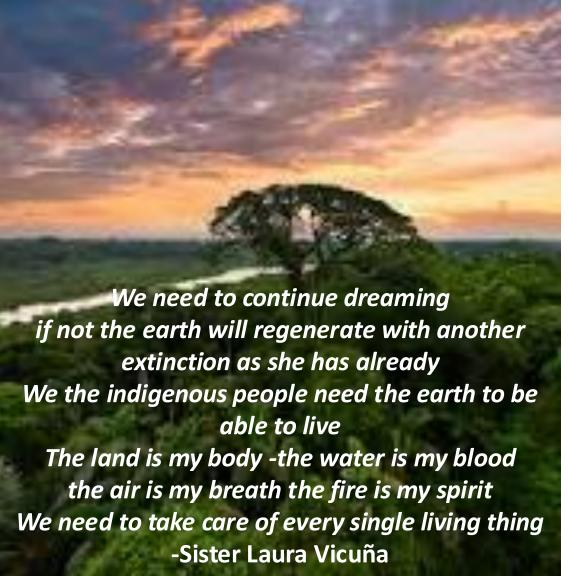


Collective effort towards a common goal



COP 30 President André Corrêa do Lago









COP30

How are the debt and climate crises connected?







What are the links between the global climate and debt crises?

- Climate loans <u>increase</u> debt
- IFIs place <u>harmful</u> conditionalities
- Including more polluting exports
- Causing <u>more</u> disasters (and debt)
- Meaning <u>less</u> climate funding, increasing reliance on loans





Where will this link be discussed in Belém?

- Baku to Belém Roadmap to \$1.3 trillion
- Article 2.1(c)
- <u>Side events</u>: CAFOD, Christian Aid, Maryknoll, Avaaz, ECLAC, Bread for the World





- Jubilee Year
- Pope Leo
- Positive legislative noises
- Progress in other spaces

Thank you

CAFOD, Romero House, 55 Westminster Bridge Road, London SEI 7JB

cafod.org.uk @











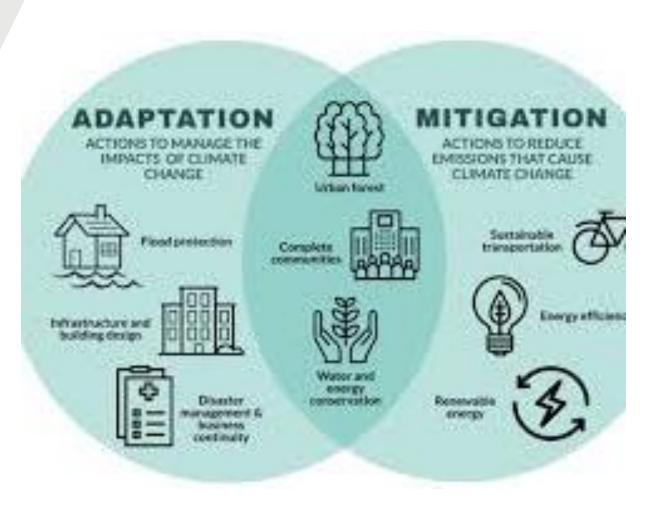




Adaptation and COP30

October 20, 2025
Gina E. Castillo
Climate Policy Lead
gina.castillo@crs.org

What is Climate Adaptation?



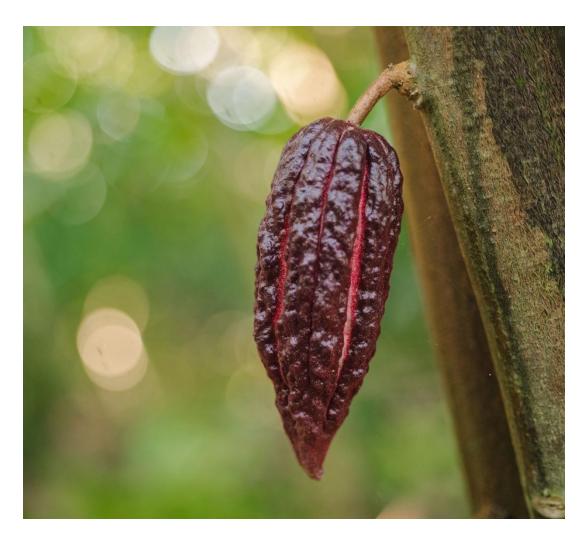
The technical definition: An adjustment in natural or human systems in the response to actual or expected climate stimuli (variability, extremes, changes) or their effects, which moderates harm or exploits beneficial opportunities" Source: IPCC TAR 2001

But really....It's about managing climate risks protecting people, homes, farms, and communities from harm and helping them thrive in a changing world.

CRS: Spices project in Central and Southeastern Madagascar

- Climate risk: cyclone and floods undermining crop productivity
- Response: Agroforestry, cyclone resilient nurseries, strengthening market linkages with the private sector

• Impact: Increased productivity, enhanced biodiversity and higher incomes for farmers.



CRS: Water Smart Agriculture (WSA)

- Flagship program Water and Soil for Agriculture (WSA) in Honduras, El Salvador, Guatemala, Southern Mexico, Nicaragua (Dry Corridor)
 - Soil restoration
 - Water conservation
 - Climate resilient crop selection
 - Agroforestry and watershed management
 - 473, 431 farmers practicing WSA
 - 279, 619 hectares have been restored Improvements income, livelihoods, etc.



Adaptation under UNFCCC (1992): Article 4

Theme

Obligation for all Parties

Cooperation

Financial support

Technology transfer

Prioritization of the vulnerable

What Article 4 establishes

Every country must plan and act on adaptation.

Adaptation is a shared responsibility requiring international coordination.

Developed countries must help vulnerable developing countries cover adaptation costs.

Support includes providing technologies and know-how for adaptation.

Special attention to LDCs, small island states, and countries with fragile ecosystems.

COP21 - Paris Agreement



Elevated adaptation to equal footing with mitigation

Article 7. The Global Goal on Adaptation (GGA)

Parties hereby establish the **global goal on adaptation** of enhancing adaptive capacity,
strengthening resilience and reducing
vulnerability to climate change, with a view to
contributing to sustainable development and
ensuring an adequate adaptation response in
the context of the temperature goal referred to
in Article 2.

Balance between mitigation and adaptation finance

COP21: Paris Agreement Article 7

Global Goal on Adaptation (GGA)
provides a collective framework to
enhance adaptive capacity, resilience,
and vulnerability reduction to climate
change, emphasizing transparency,
accountability, and evidence-based
approaches.

COP29 Special Edition

- Country-driven, gender-responsive, participatory, guided by science and traditional knowledge.
- Parties should develop National Adaptation Plans (NAPs) and submit Adaptation Communications.
- Developed countries must provide finance, technology, and capacity building.
- Will review collective progress and adequacy of support for adaptation (Global Stocktake)

COP28 – Dubai, UAE

- In 2023, major breakthrough
 - Parties agree on a framework for the GGA -UAE Framework for Global Climate Resilience
 - 7 thematic targets (water, food, health, ecosystems, infrastructure, poverty and livelihoods, culture, and biodiversity)
 - Launches the UAE-Belém Work Programme (2024–2025) to develop indicators for these targets



COP29 - Baku

- Global Goal on Adaptation
 - Discussions on indicators
 - LDCs wanted to see an indicator on means of implimentation (i.e. finance. Technology, capacity building)
- Launches the 'Baku Adaptation Roadmap' to advance implementation of the UAE Framework for Global Climate Resilience, and invites annual high-level dialogues, regional workshops and events at UNFCCC Climate Weeks to facilitate regional cooperation and knowledge exchange on adaptation



COP30: Global Goal on Adaptation

Delivers

 Parties will agree on the final list of indicators

 Baku Adaptation Roadmap – strengthening action and addressing barriers around means of implementation



COP30: Adaptation

- Climate Finance
 - Baku to Belem Roadmap 1.3 trillion/year for climate finance by 2035
 - Triple Adaptation Funding by 2030
- National Adaptation Plans
 - Planning document
 - How to link them with the Global Goal on Adaptation



COP30: Overall Key Messages



- Start Helping Intense climate impacts are happening NOW and vulnerable countries need financial support
 - Call for accessible grant based funding
- Stop Harming: End fossil fuels clear commitment to phase out fossil fuels
 - Limits to adaptation
 - Tipping points (<u>Global Tipping Points</u> | understanding risks & their potential impact)
- System Transformation
 - Economy centers people and nature